

Guided learning hours

Six hours

Target audience

Those who have overall operational or strategic accountability for an organisation, responsible for determining and implementing effective safety and health management and monitoring its success.

Course prerequisites

Employed in a director's role; owners of small and medium-sized enterprises; or executive/non-executive directors of larger organisations with governance structures.

Delegates would benefit from the underpinning knowledge provided by our *Managing Safely* course.

Level

Awareness

Learning aims

To provide an understanding of the moral, legal and business case for proactive safety, health and risk management, and of strategic safety and health management and its integration into holistic business management systems and procedures.

Learning outcomes

The learner will be able to:

- describe the legal, moral and financial role of operational directors, owners of small businesses and senior executives, including their responsibilities, liabilities and accountabilities, both personal and organisational
- explain the importance of safety and health at top-management level and how integrating those objectives into other business management objectives can help to minimise risk, reduce losses and make better use of time and resources
- illustrate how to plan the direction for safety and health through developing and implementing a safety and health policy, and integrating it into business systems
- explain the value of an adequately resourced and efficient safety and health management system, the value and benefits of training at all levels, and when to access competent advice
- outline the benefits of good safety and health management systems, the consequences of failing to manage effectively, and how to ensure internal controls are working

- describe the importance of reviewing and continually improving management systems, especially following change or failure
- explain the positive impact and improvement that an organisation's leaders can have on its performance through their attitude and support for improving its safety culture
- describe the importance of setting key performance indicators and targets, together with performance monitoring and review for continual improvement in safety and health management.

Required content

Module 1 – The moral, legal and financial case

- Moral, financial and reputational arguments that go with the role
- The responsibility to ensure that the impact of any changes, weaknesses or failures in the system are reported in the correct way
- The legal requirements for the business and for the individual, including the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 and the Corporate Manslaughter and Corporate Homicide Act 2007
- The costs of failure to the business and its reputation

Safety for Executives and Directors course syllabus

Module 2 – Plan

- How the safety and health policy should clearly identify the roles and responsibilities of top management and other management levels
- How the safety and health policy should reflect the current priorities, plans and targets of the organisation (and changes to legislation or other external factors), and be updated and reviewed on a regular basis
- How organisational risks are identified and managed, and risk assessments carried out
- How emergency planning is carried out to ensure business continuity, and the consequence of any emergencies has been assessed
- The resources needed to ensure safety and health arrangements are available and used
- The requirement to consult with employees or their safety representatives, and ensure they are involved in decisions that affect their safety and health

Module 3 – Do

- The effect of communication by top management on the workforce, and the importance of an effective system for doing so
- Engaging the workforce in committing to promoting and achieving a healthy and safe workplace, and the importance of upward communication
- The importance of providing highquality training, and benefits of accessing and following professional advice
- Developing standards for procuring goods and services to minimise risks

Module 4 – Check

- How the methods of auditing and monitoring ensure organisational controls are working and effective
- The importance of reporting both proactive and reactive data and overall performance, including system failures and external changes; the importance of specific and routine reports
- Where to obtain information on external changes that may have an impact on the organisation
- Ensuring key outcomes include reviewing the effectiveness of the policy, identifying any shortcomings and addressing weaknesses

Module 5 – Act

- The importance of strong and visible leadership, and active commitment from top management; how they should lead by example, set the standards, culture and values, and champion safety and health for the organisation
- Organisational commitment to good corporate social responsibility
- The benefit of celebrating good performance
- The requirements for good corporate governance and annual reporting, and the effect that board decisions have on the business, for employees, investors and other stakeholders
- The importance of continuous improvement in line with organisational priorities

Assessing learners

Every participant who has completed the course should take the end-of-course assessment. This consists of a personal commitment (action plan) relating to the learning on the course, in which the participant writes up to three actions that they commit to taking. Commitments should be appropriate for the level of responsibility the participant has in their organisation.

The assessment must be the participant's own work but can be supported by trainer coaching.